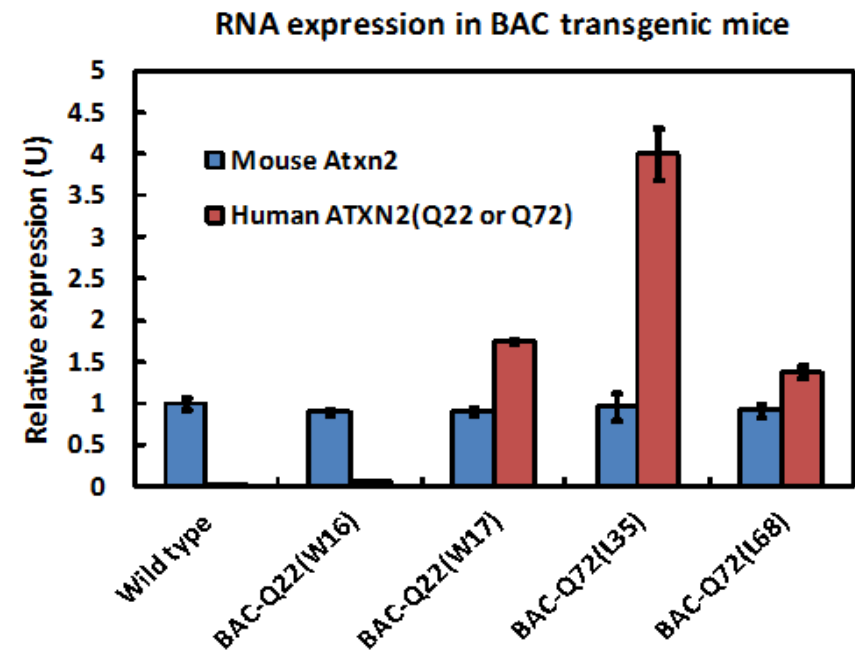
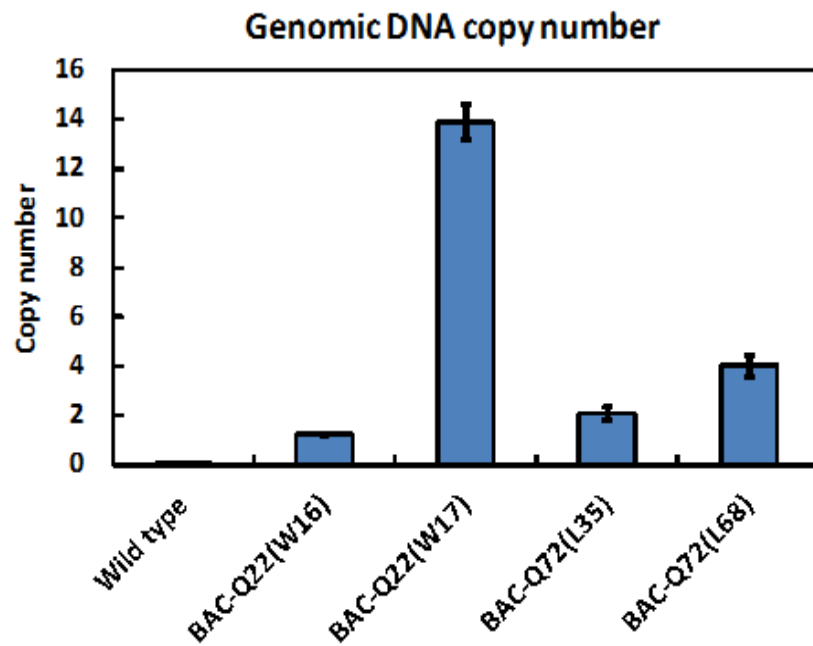
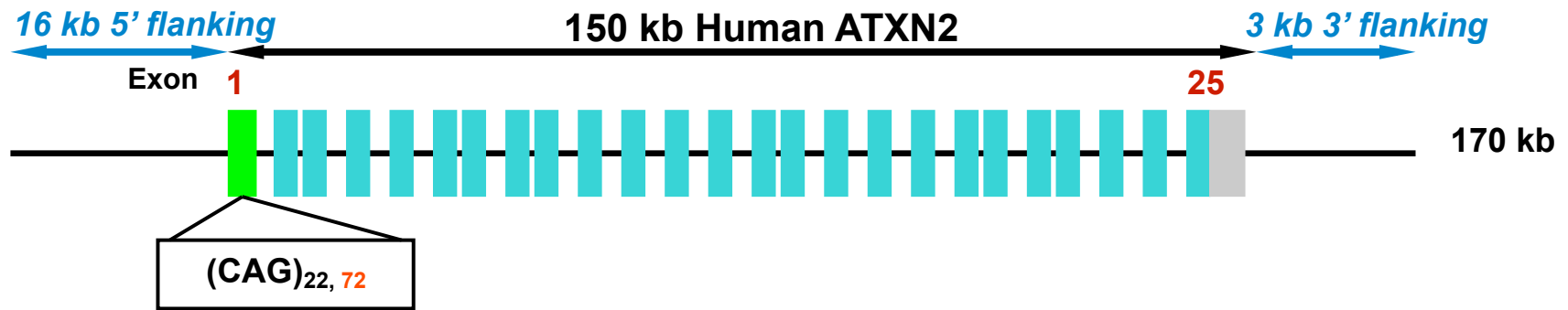
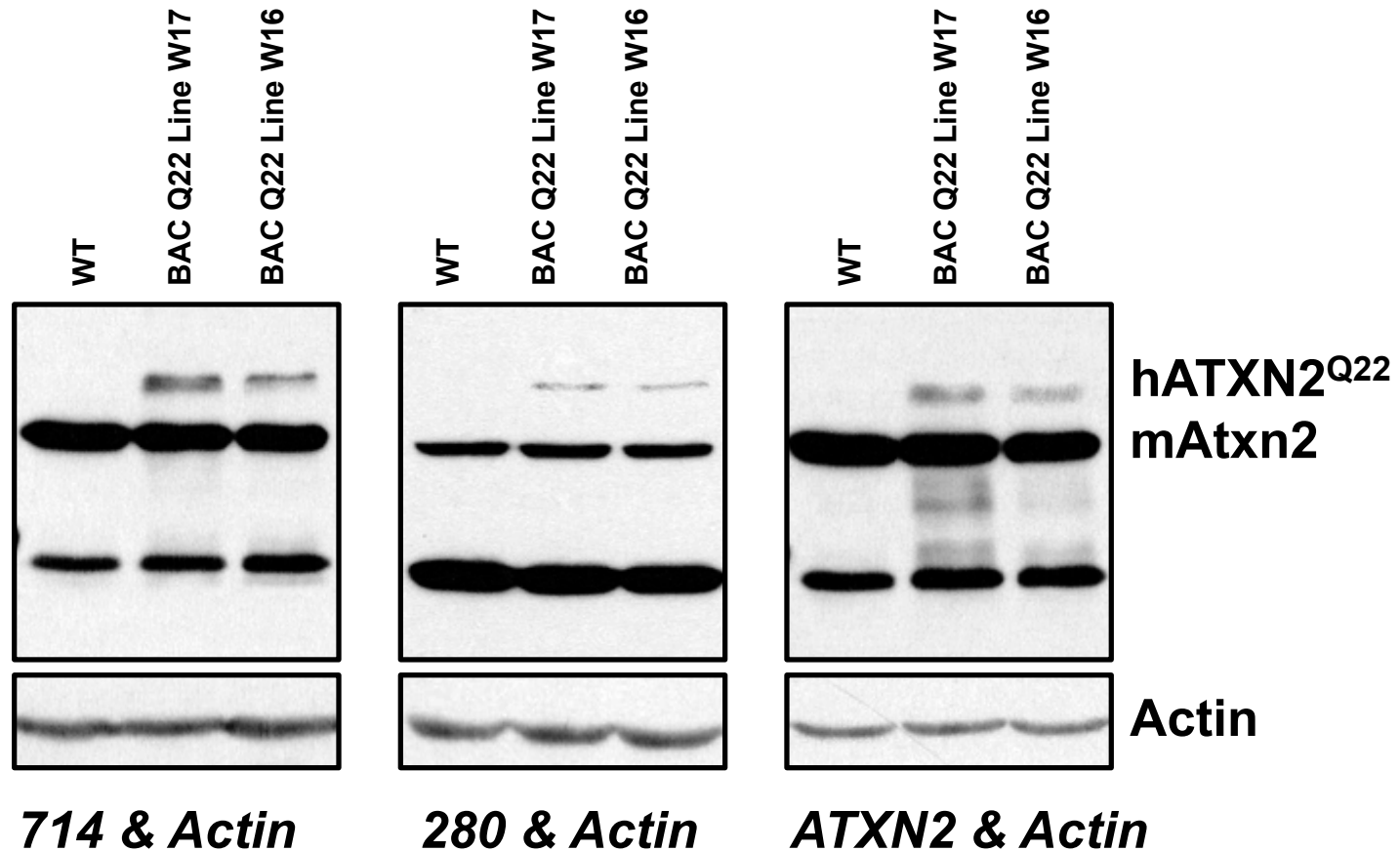


BAC SCA2 transgenic mice

Lab Meeting 5-24-12



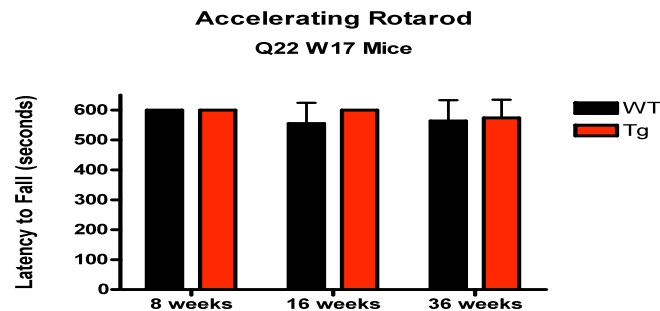
Human Ataxin 2 expression in BAC Q22 Transgenic mice



Accelerating Rotarod

BAC Q22^{+/-} vs Wildtype

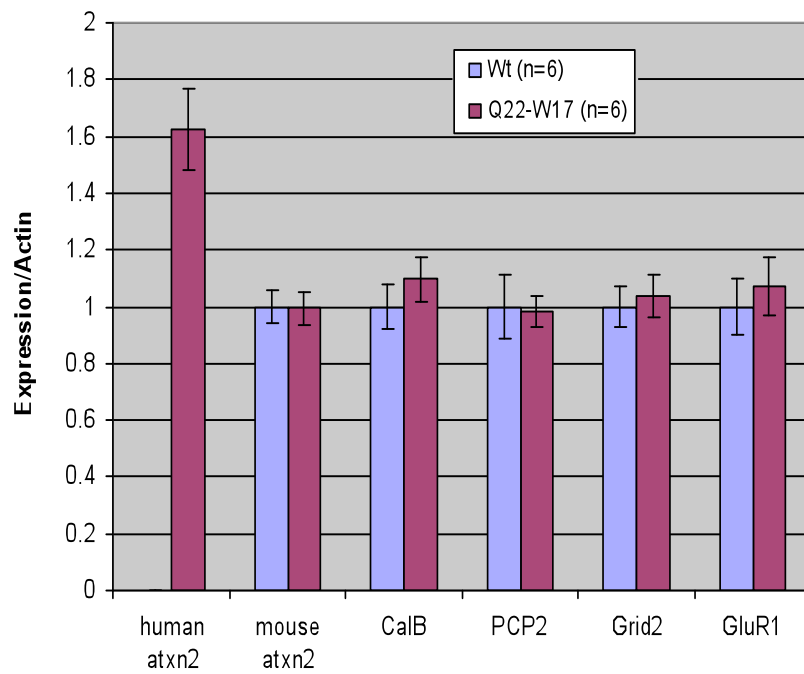
Comparison of Day 3 means



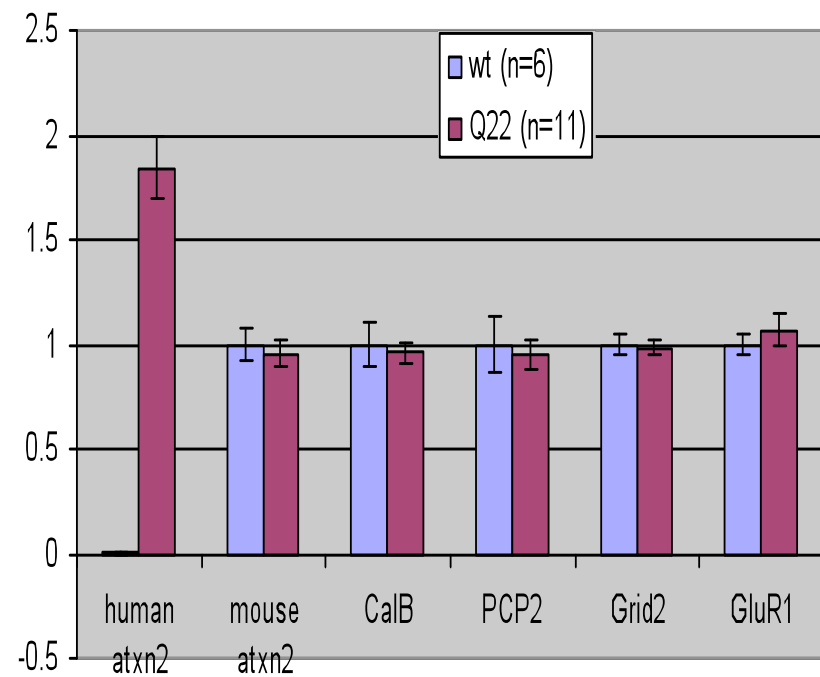
-Comparison between BAC Q22 (W17) mice and wild-type litter mates (8, 16, and 36 weeks of age) of performance on the accelerating rotarod. Mice completed three trials per day for three days. The figure shows the average of all trials per day. Rotarod settings: 4-40 rpm from 0-600 seconds. Two-way ANOVAs followed by Bonferroni post-hoc tests were used to test for statistical significance (*, $p < 0.05$). Error bars represent standard deviation of the mean.

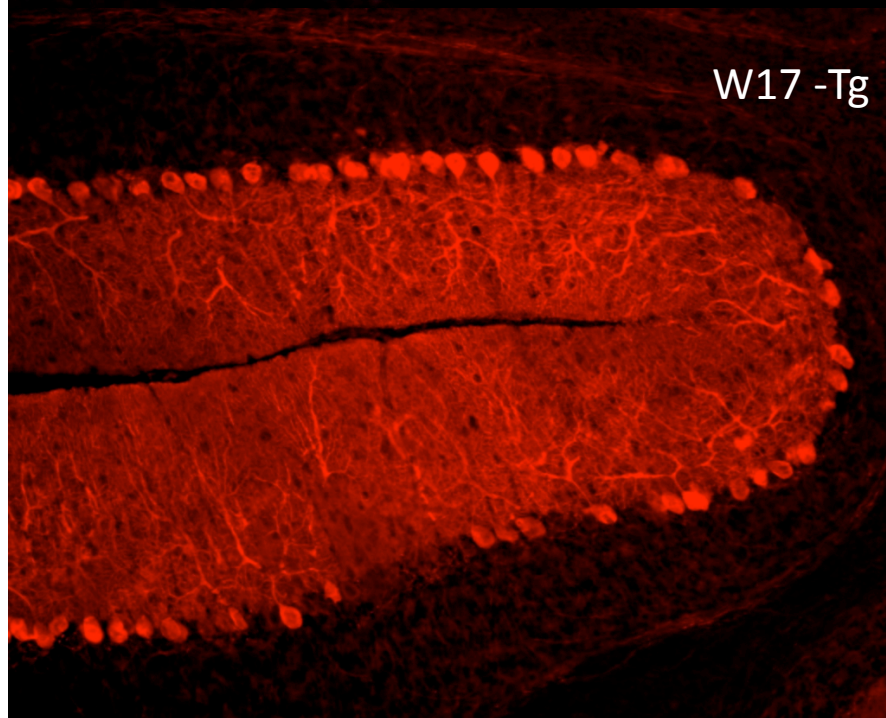
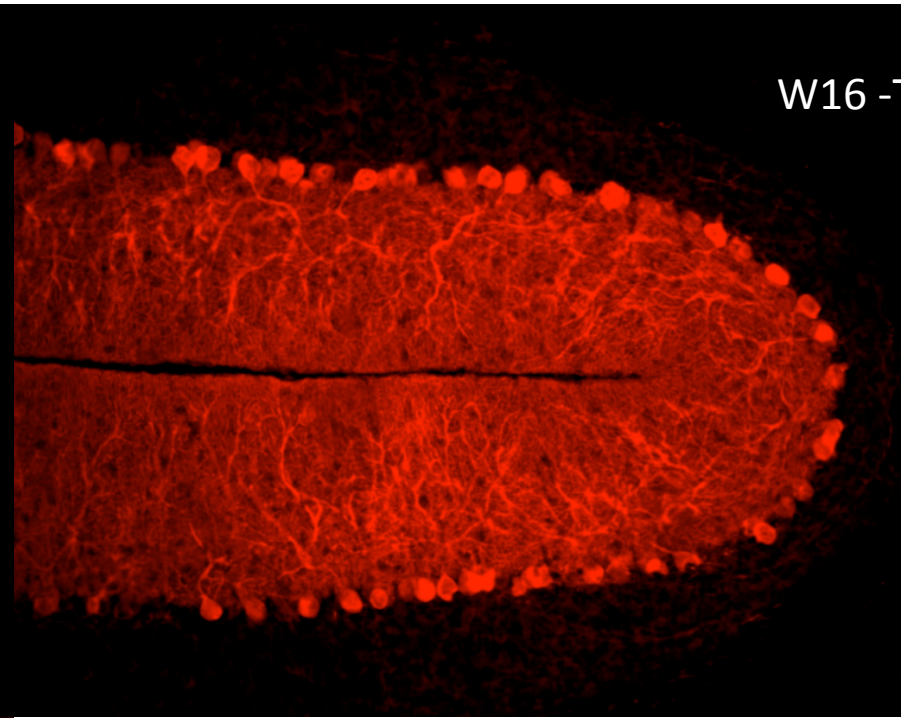
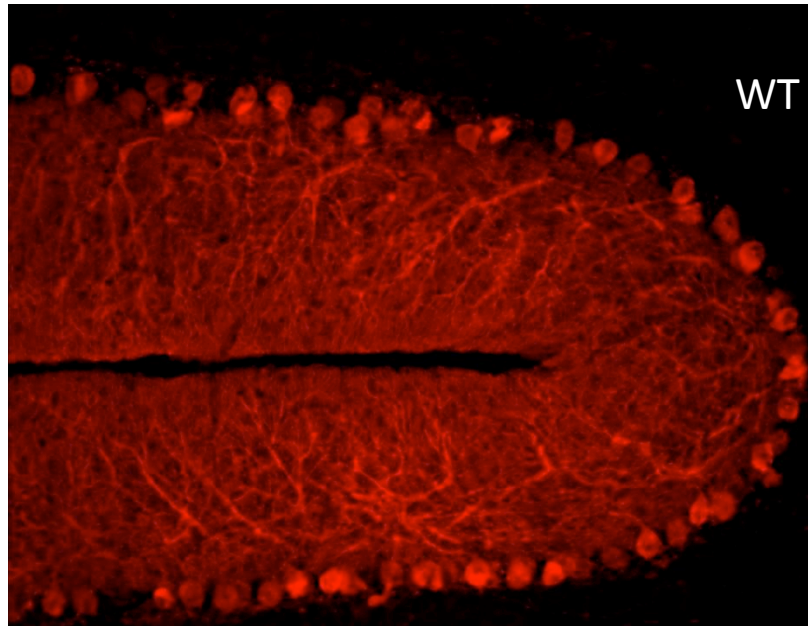
Gene expression profile in BAC Q22 mice

BAC Q22 Line W17 at 16 weeks old



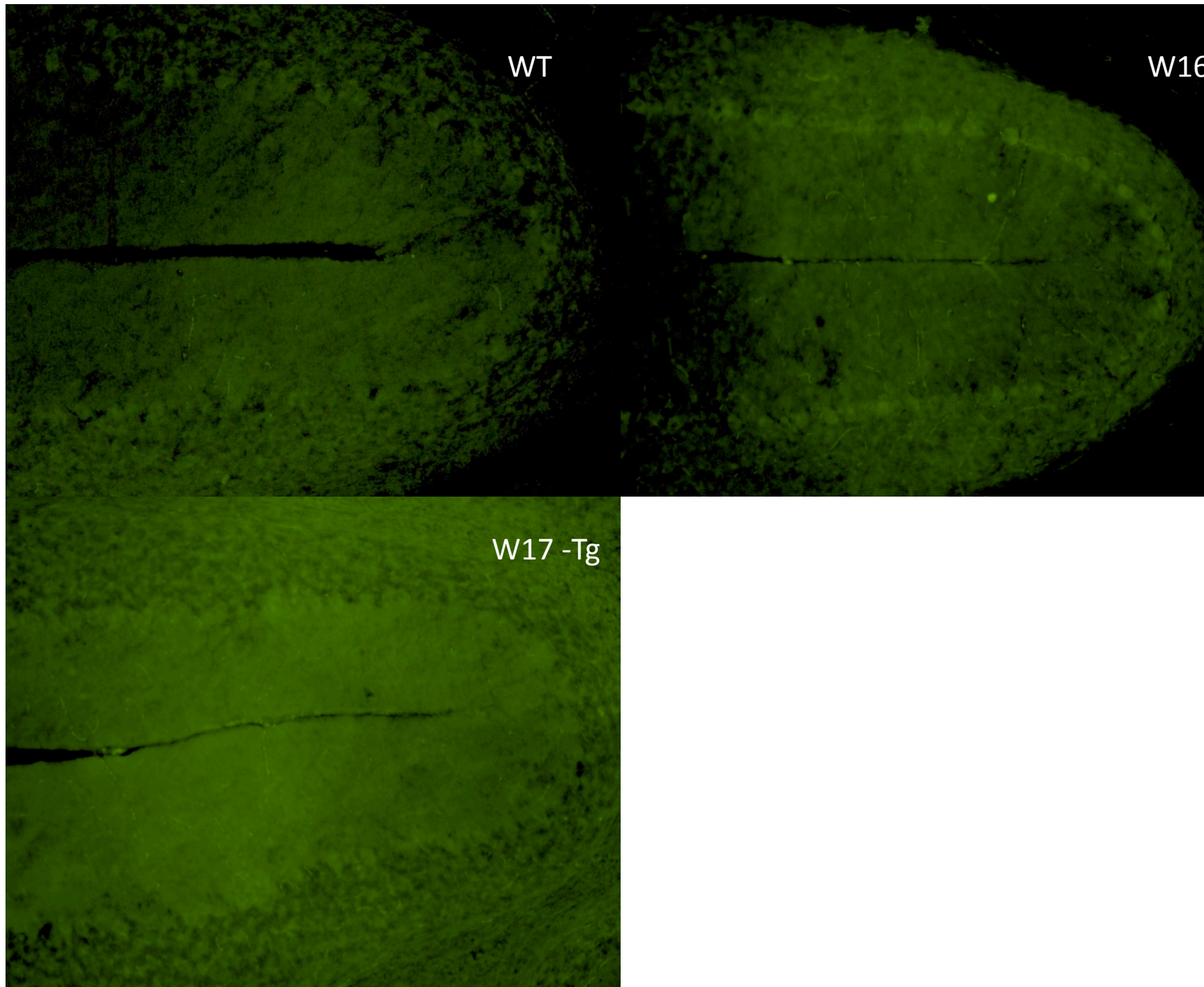
BAC Q22 W17 at 45 weeks old





Marc, do you want to show this IHC slide?

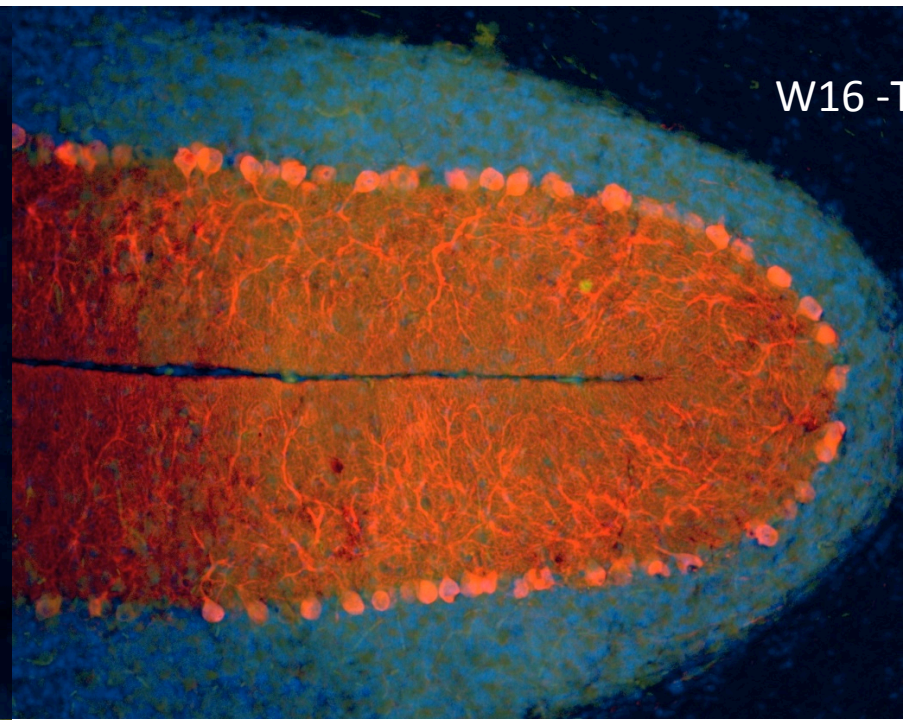
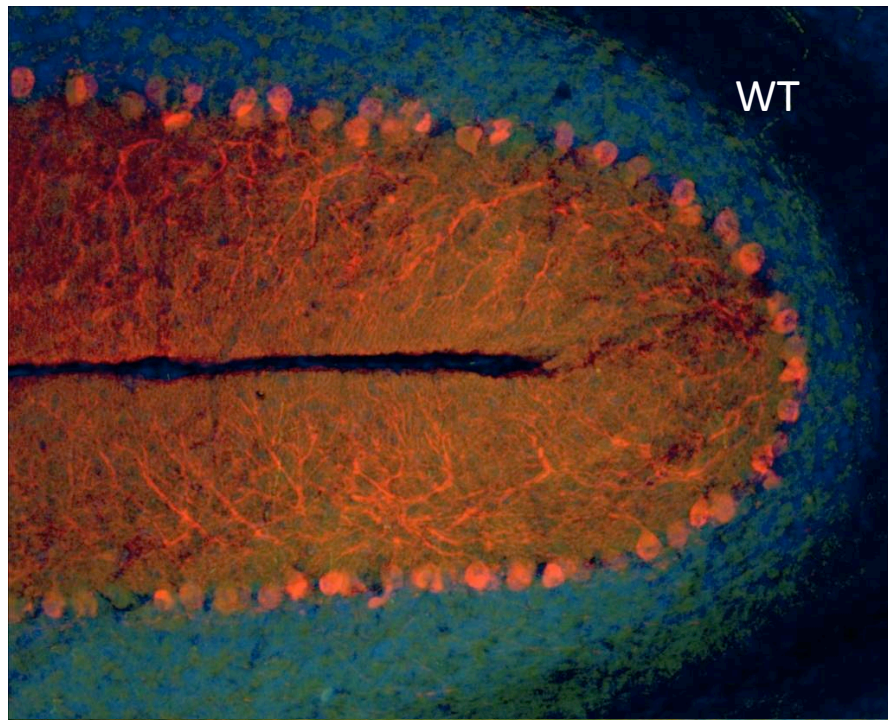
If not, delete it!!



WT

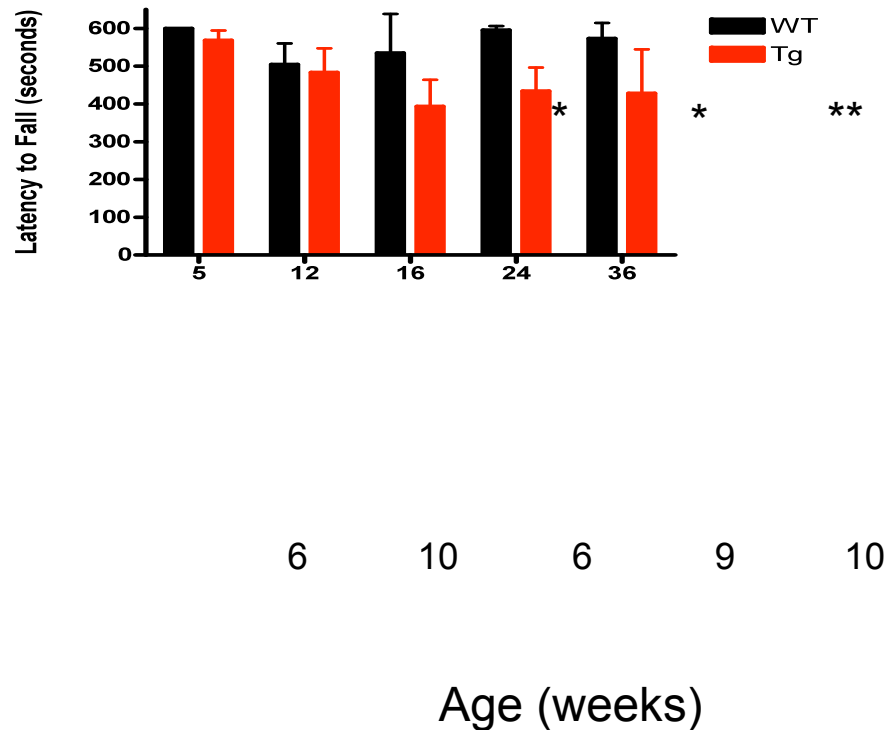
W16

W17 -Tg



BAC Q72 Line 68 mice

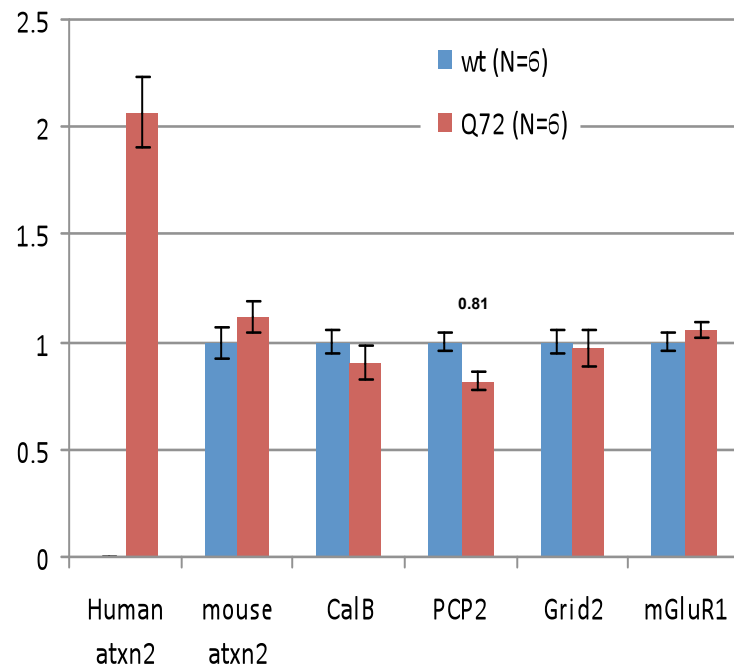
Accelerating Rotarod Q72 L68 Mice



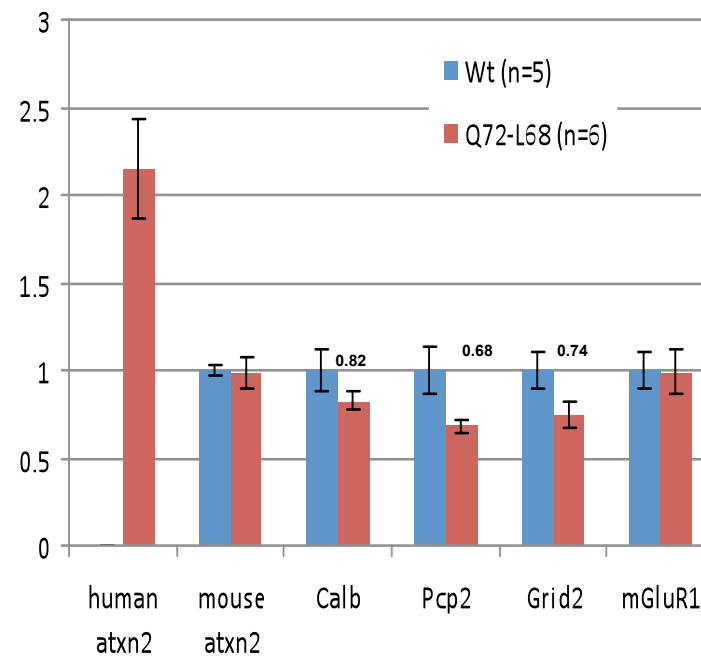
Two-way ANOVA shows a difference between wild-type and transgenic Q72 mice (L68) at 16, 24, and 36 weeks. There are no differences within wild-type or transgenic groups across different ages. Bonferroni post-hoc tests. * $p < 0.01$; ** $p < 0.0001$

Gene expression profile in BAC Q72 Line 68 by qPCR

5 weeks

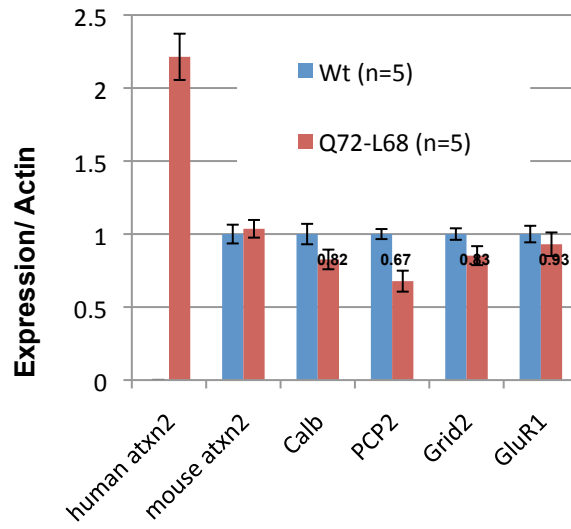


9 weeks

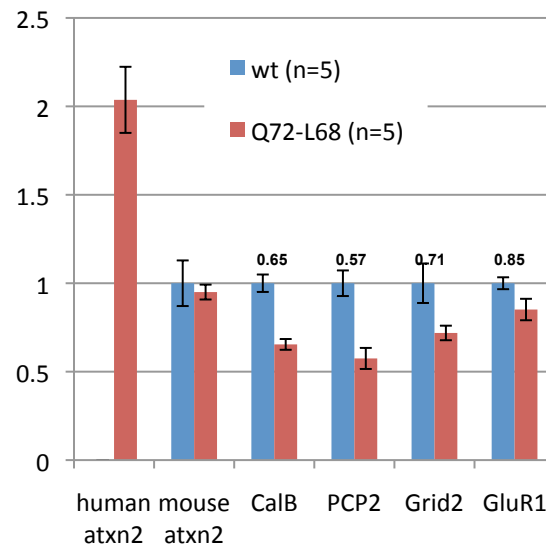


Gene expression profile in BAC Q72 Line 68 mice by qPCR

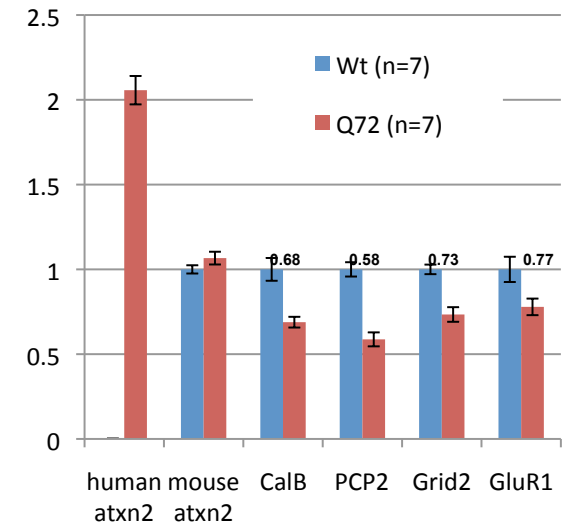
16 weeks



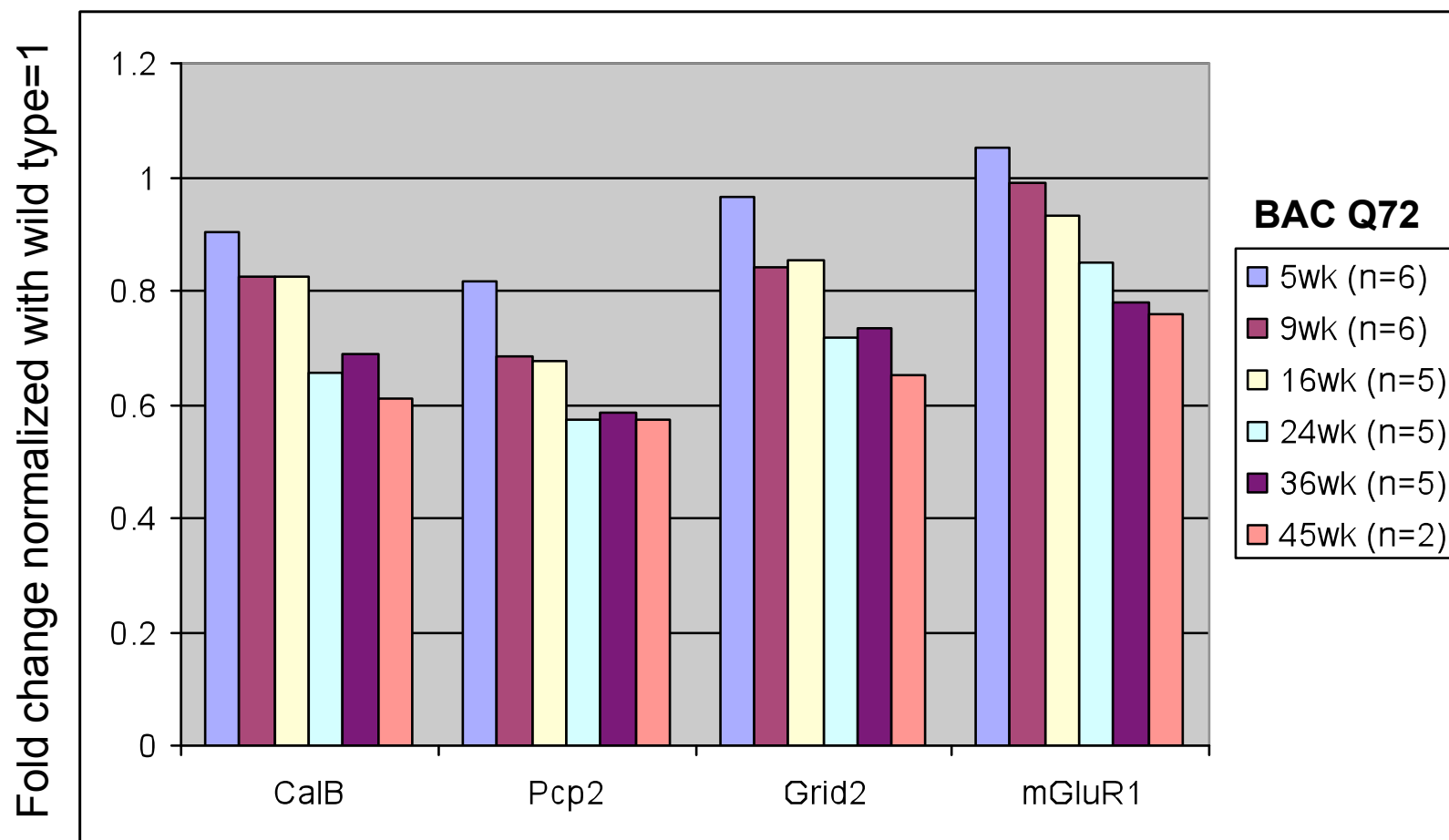
24 weeks



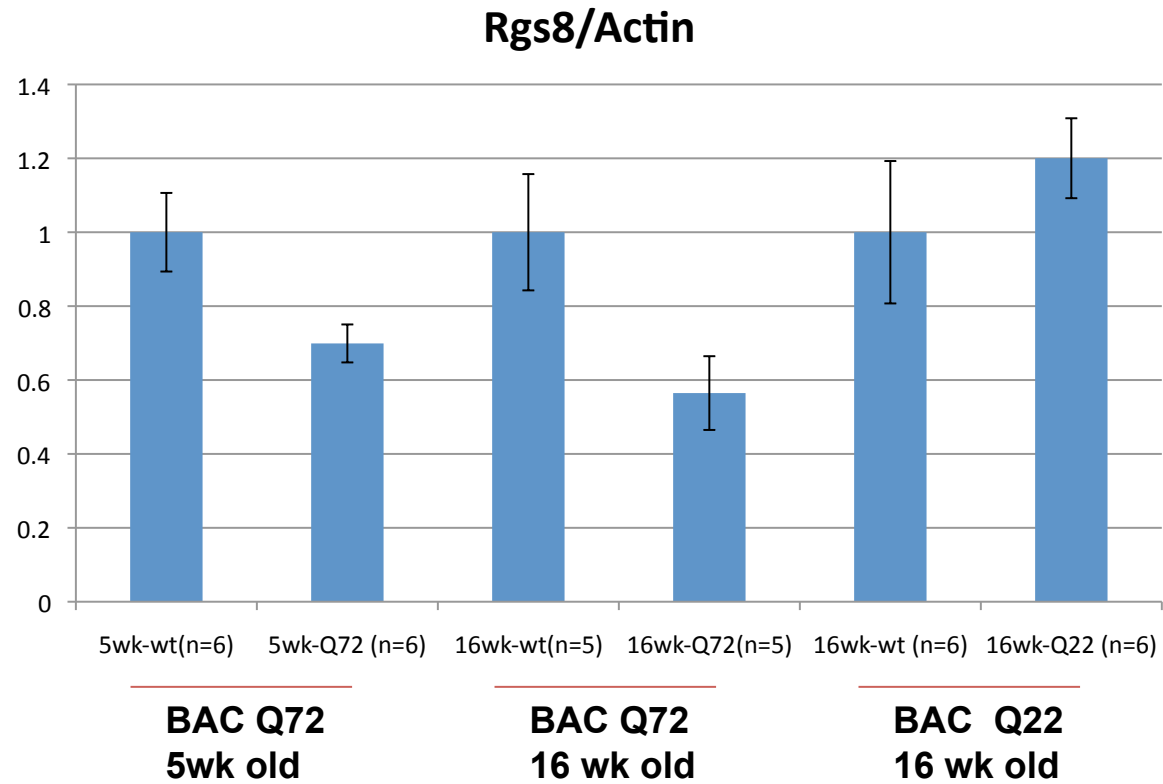
36 weeks



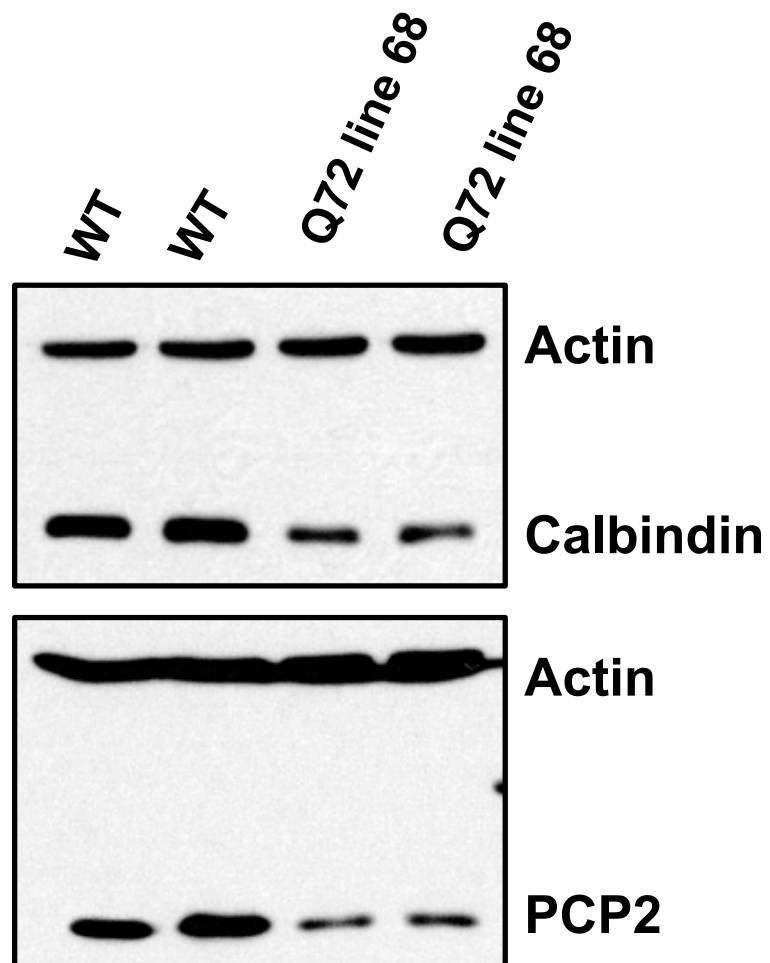
Expression of Purkinje cell markers in 6 time points of BAC Q72 L68



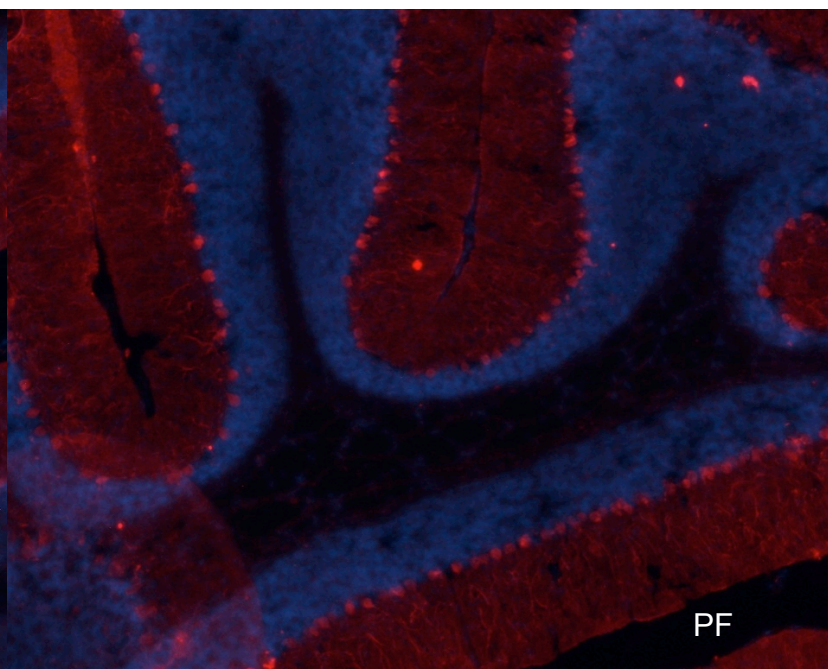
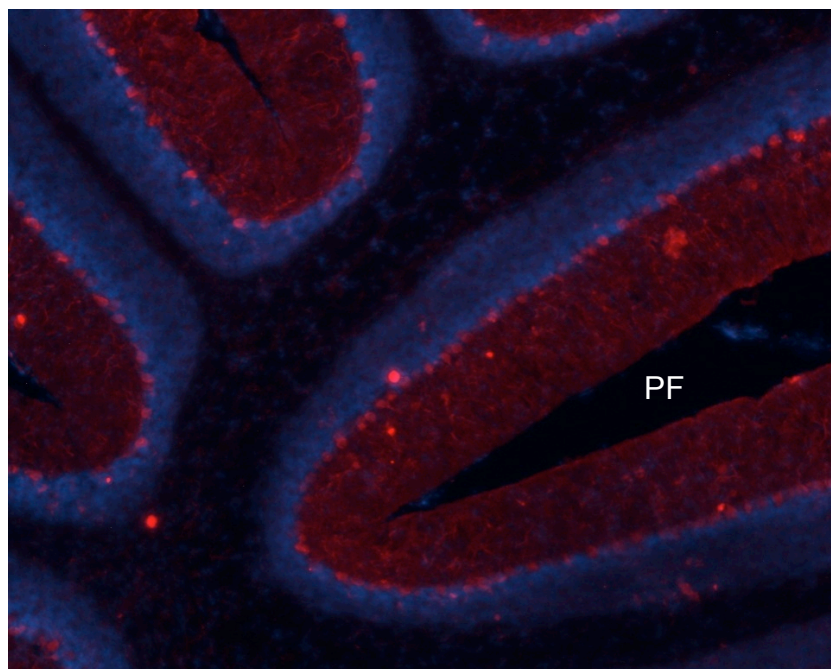
Down regulation of Rgs8 in BAC Q72



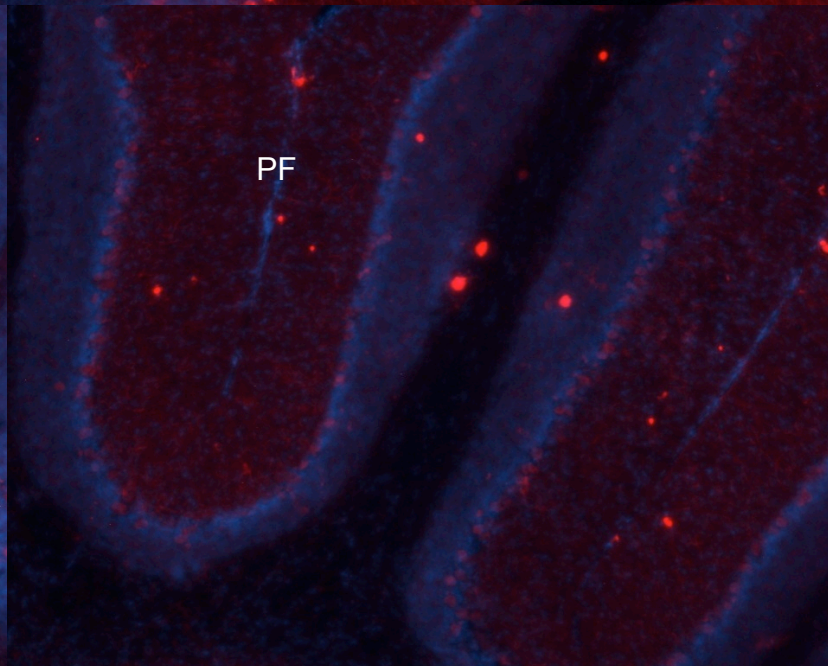
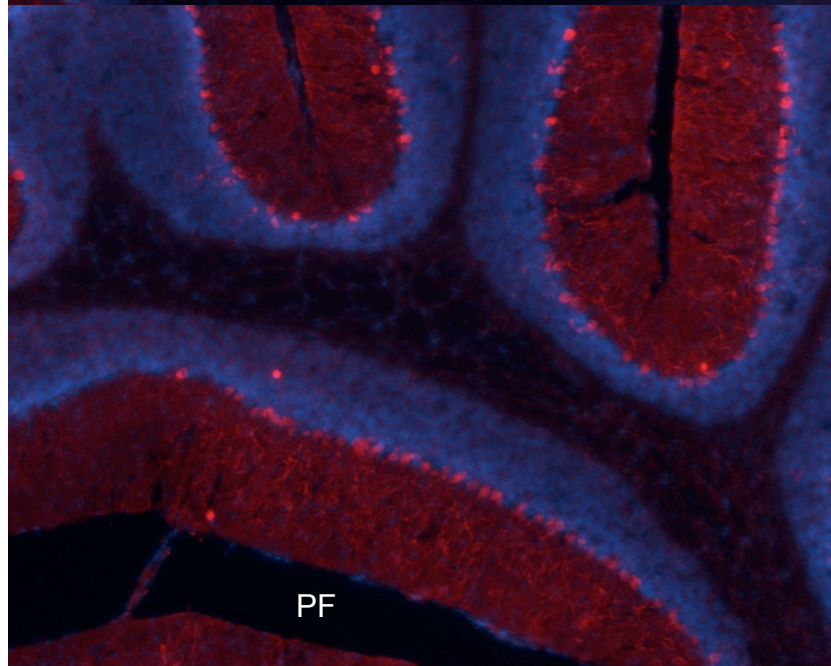
BAC Q72 Line 68 at 24 weeks old



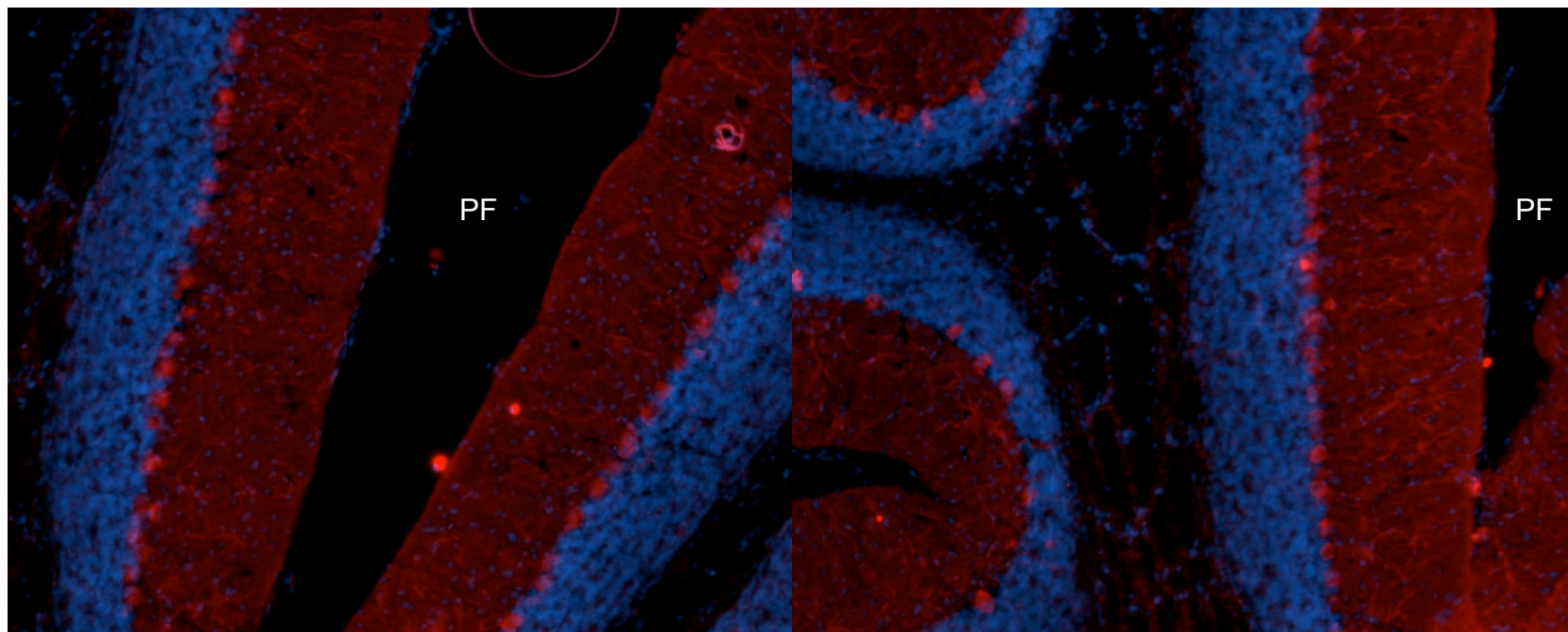
WT



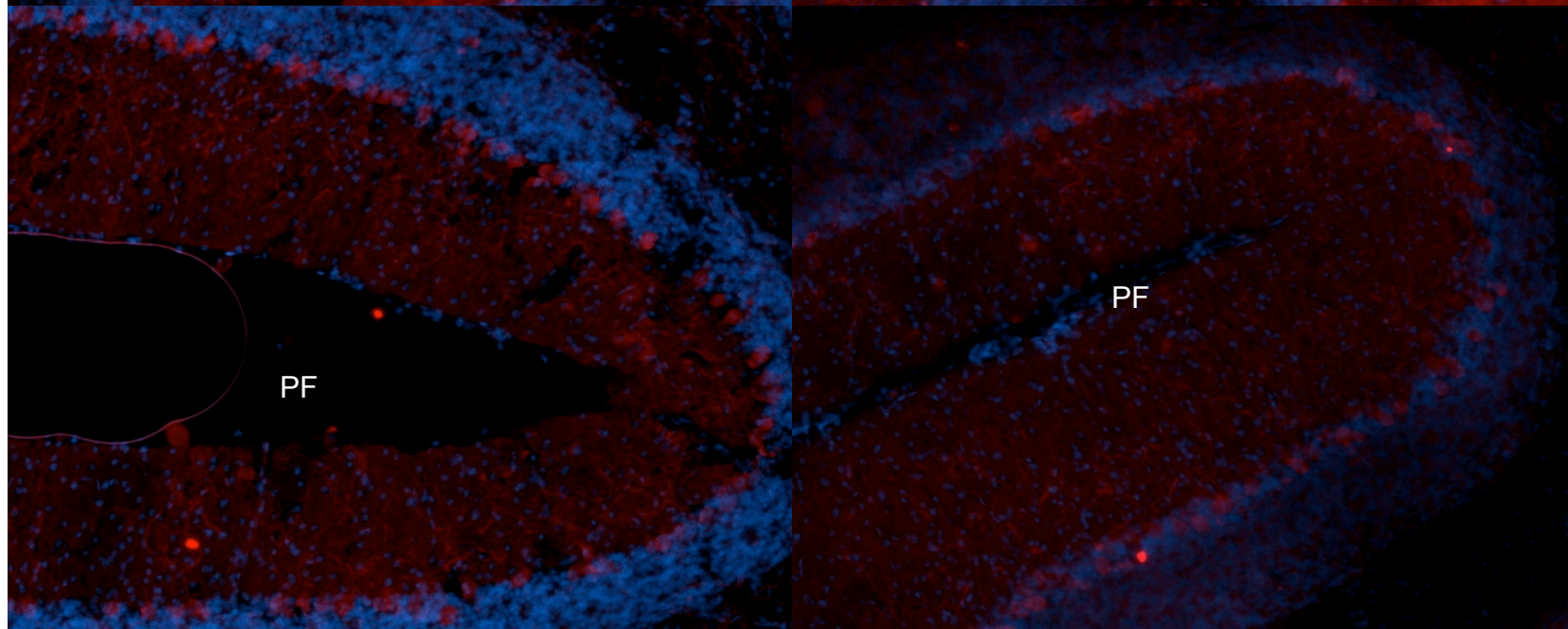
Tg



WT



Tg

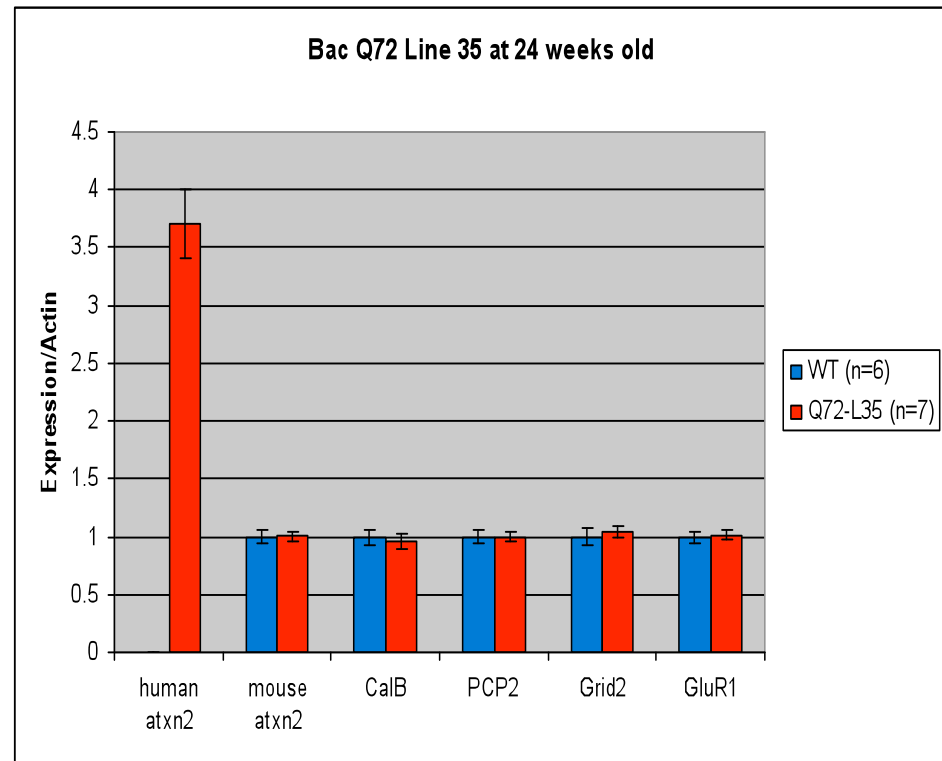
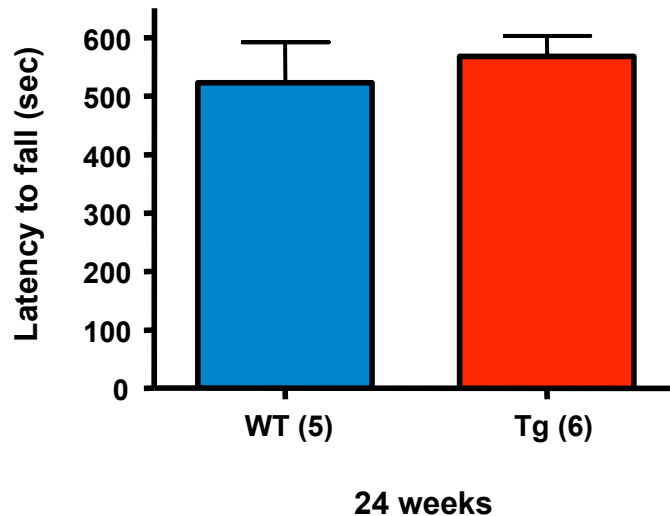


Q72 – L68 phenotype

- Tg mice are displaying an open-cage behavioral phenotype ([see video](#)).
- Significant difference in weight starting around 12 weeks (same age and same sex).
- Female Tg mice appear to be less fertile.
 - 1 in 8 gave birth. That litter lived only a few days. Female never became pregnant again (two more prolonged attempts).

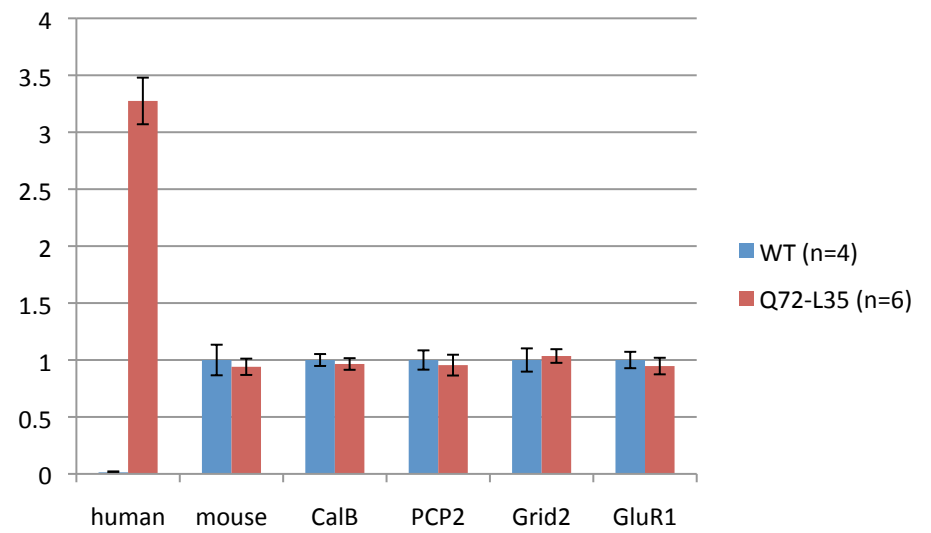
BAC Q72 Line 35 at 24 weeks old

Accelerating Rotarod BAC Q72^{+/-} (L35) vs Wildtype



-Comparison between BAC Q72 (L35 line) mice and wild-type litter mates (24 weeks of age) of performance on the accelerating rotarod. Mice completed three trials per day for three days. The figure shows the average of all trials on day 3. Rotarod settings: 4-40 rpm from 0-600 seconds. Two-way ANOVAs followed by Bonferroni post-hoc tests show no difference in rotarod performance.

BAC Q72 Line 35 at 36 weeks old



Q72 – L35 phenotype

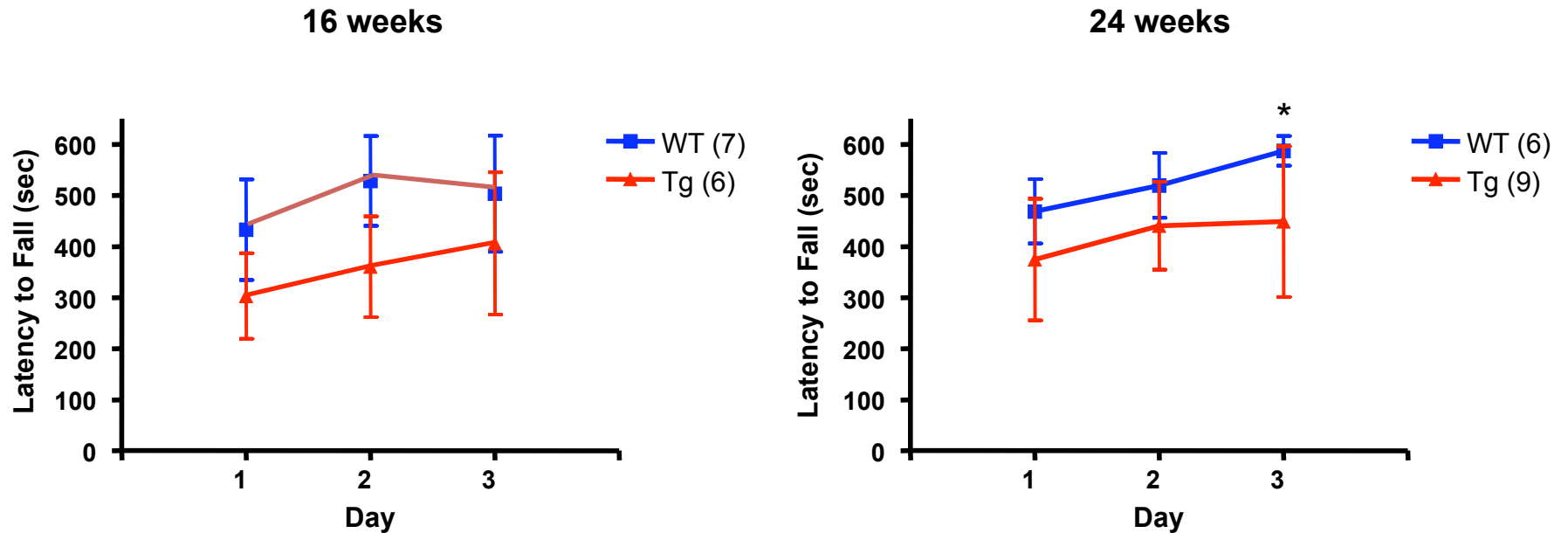
- Mice appear healthy
- No difference in weight
- Prolific breeders

Experiment Plan

1. RNA sequencing: BAC Q22 vs WT which time point?
BAC Q72 vs WT of 1-2 days old, 4-5 weeks, ??

Accelerating Rotarod

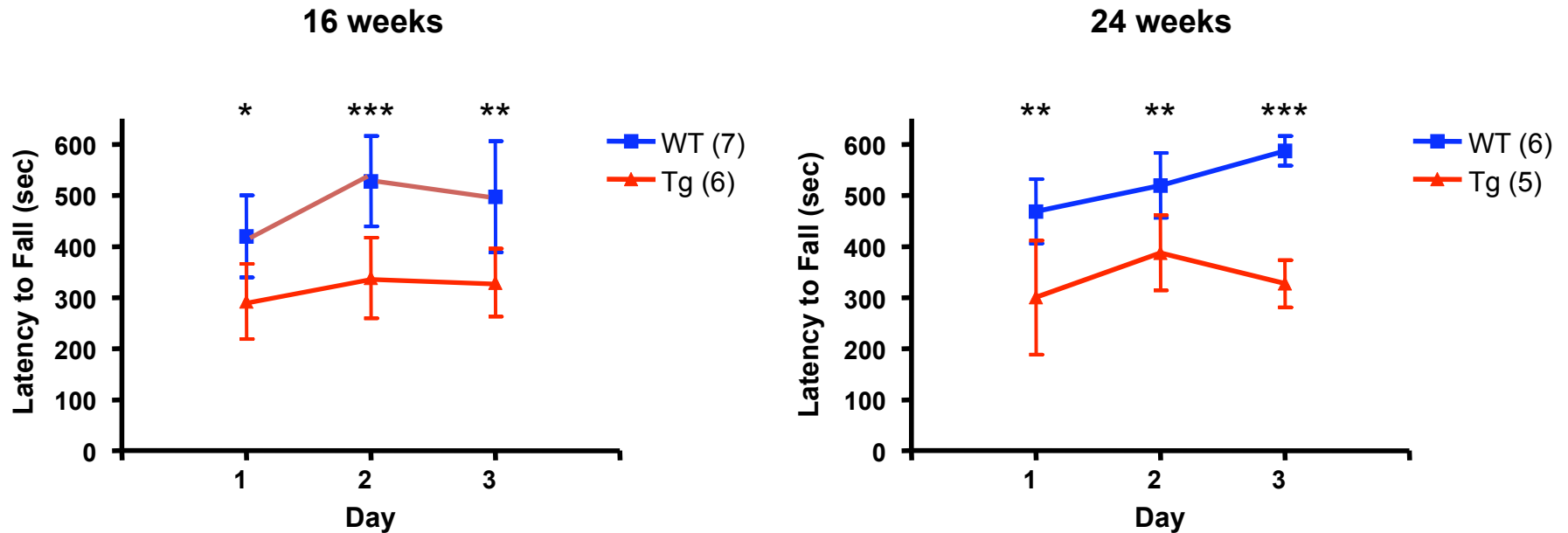
BAC Q72^{+/-} (L68) vs Wildtype



-Comparison between BAC Q72 mice and wild-type litter mates (16 and 24 weeks of age) of performance on the accelerating rotarod. Mice completed three trials per day for three days. The figure shows the average of all trials per day. Rotarod settings: 4-40 rpm from 0-600 seconds. Two-way ANOVAs followed by Bonferroni post-hoc tests were used to test for statistical significance (*, $p < 0.05$).

Accelerating Rotarod

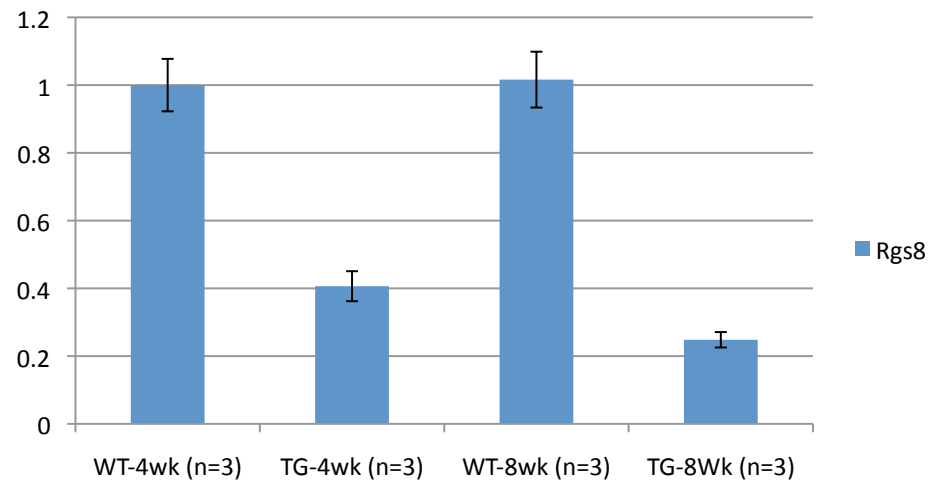
BAC Q72^{+/-} (L68) vs Wildtype -corrected for spins and holding



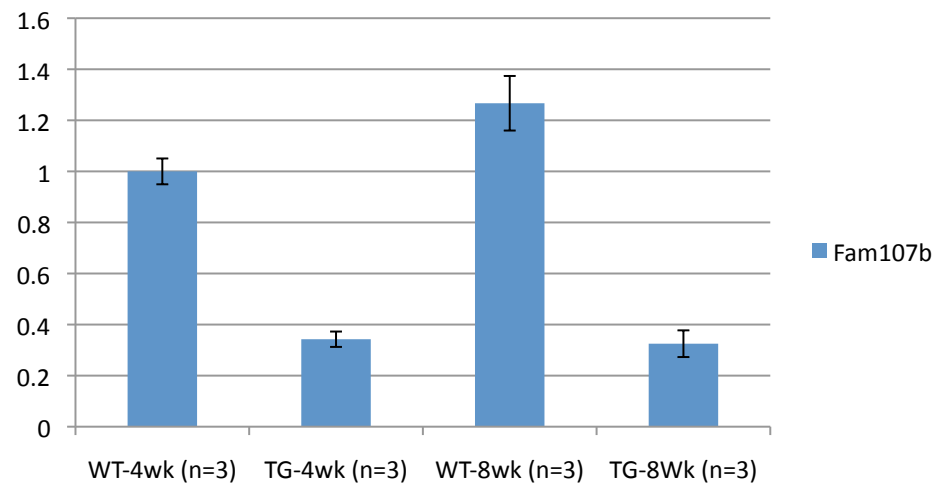
-Comparison between BAC Q72 mice and wild-type litter mates (16 and 24 weeks of age) of performance on the accelerating rotarod similar to previous slide. However, data was corrected for mice that held onto the rod and spun for 5 or more consecutive revolutions. Mice completed three trials per day for three days. The figure shows the average of all trials per day. Rotarod settings: 4-40 rpm from 0-600 seconds. Two-way ANOVAs followed by Bonferroni post-hoc tests were used to test for statistical significance (*, $p < 0.05$; **, $p < 0.01$; ***, $p < 0.001$).

SCA2-Q127

Rgs8/WasF1

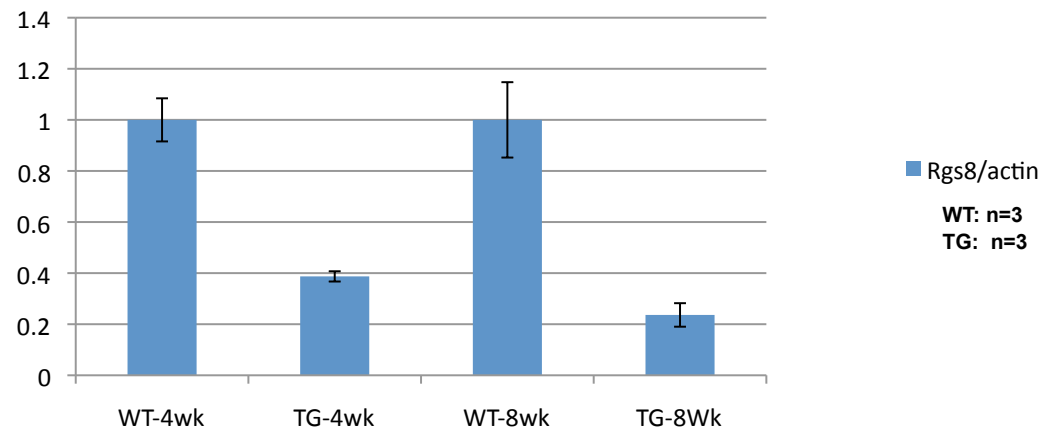


Fam107b/WasF1

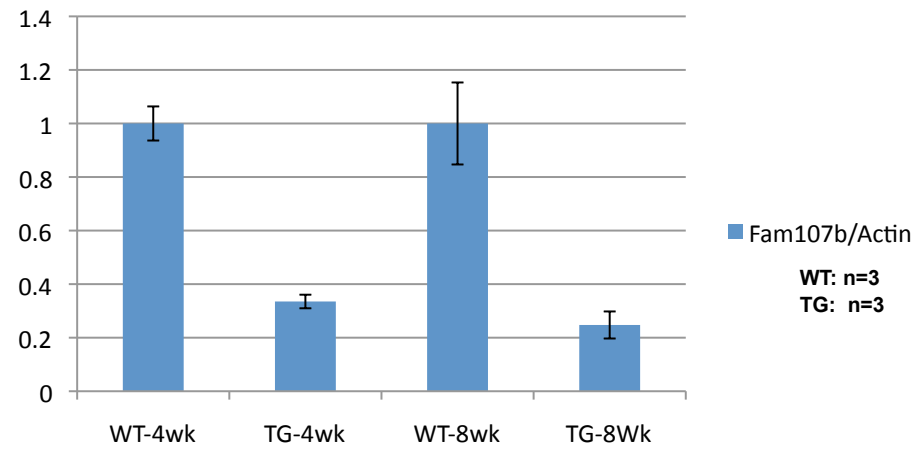


SCA2-Q127

Rgs8/Actin

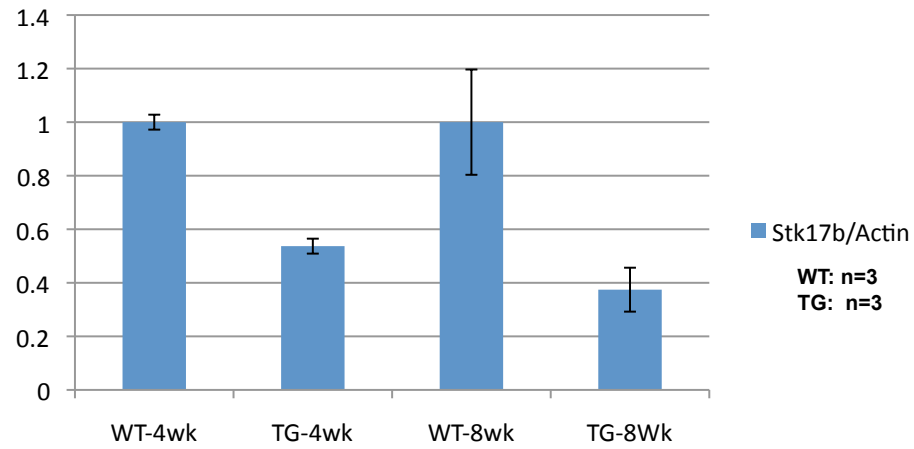


Fam107b/Actin



SCA2-Q127

Stk17b/Actin



Icmt/Actin

